

Table DP-3. Profile of Selected Economic Characteristics: 2000

Geographic area: Berkshire town, Tioga County, New York

[Data based on a sample. For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and definitions, see text]

Subject	Number	Percent	Subject	Number	Percent
EMPLOYMENT STATUS			INCOME IN 1999		
Population 16 years and over	1,059	100.0	Households	513	100.0
In labor force	713	67.3	Less than \$10,000	33	6.4
Civilian labor force	710	67.0	\$10,000 to \$14,999	33	6.4
Employed	691	65.3	\$15,000 to \$24,999	89	17.3
Unemployed	19	1.8	\$25,000 to \$34,999	79	15.4
Percent of civilian labor force	2.7	(X)	\$35,000 to \$49,999	99	19.3
Armed Forces	3	0.3	\$50,000 to \$74,999	109	21.2
Not in labor force	346	32.7	\$75,000 to \$99,999	44	8.6
Females 16 years and over	515	100.0	\$100,000 to \$149,999	15	2.9
In labor force	305	59.2	\$150,000 to \$199,999	9	1.8
Civilian labor force	305	59.2	\$200,000 or more	3	0.6
Employed	301	58.4	Median household income (dollars)	37,625	(X)
Own children under 6 years	124	100.0	With earnings	444	86.5
All parents in family in labor force	77	62.1	Mean earnings (dollars) ¹	43,653	(X)
COMMUTING TO WORK			With Social Security income	107	20.9
Workers 16 years and over	678	100.0	Mean Social Security income (dollars) ¹	9,422	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	486	71.7	With Supplemental Security Income	39	7.6
Car, truck, or van -- carpooled	119	17.6	Mean Supplemental Security Income		
Public transportation (including taxicab)	15	2.2	(dollars) ¹	9,260	(X)
Walked	17	2.5	With public assistance income	14	2.7
Other means	-	-	Mean public assistance income (dollars) ¹	1,621	(X)
Worked at home	41	6.0	With retirement income	114	22.2
Mean travel time to work (minutes) ¹	33.2	(X)	Mean retirement income (dollars) ¹	12,702	(X)
Employed civilian population			Families	384	100.0
16 years and over	691	100.0	Less than \$10,000	10	2.6
OCCUPATION			\$10,000 to \$14,999	14	3.6
Management, professional, and related			\$15,000 to \$24,999	65	16.9
occupations	182	26.3	\$25,000 to \$34,999	50	13.0
Service occupations	99	14.3	\$35,000 to \$49,999	80	20.8
Sales and office occupations	156	22.6	\$50,000 to \$74,999	102	26.6
Farming, fishing, and forestry occupations	16	2.3	\$75,000 to \$99,999	39	10.2
Construction, extraction, and maintenance			\$100,000 to \$149,999	15	3.9
occupations	60	8.7	\$150,000 to \$199,999	6	1.6
Production, transportation, and material moving			\$200,000 or more	3	0.8
occupations	178	25.8	Median family income (dollars)	43,676	(X)
INDUSTRY			Per capita income (dollars) ¹	16,735	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting,			Median earnings (dollars):		
and mining	50	7.2	Male full-time, year-round workers	29,620	(X)
Construction	19	2.7	Female full-time, year-round workers	22,865	(X)
Manufacturing	198	28.7			
Wholesale trade	19	2.7			
Retail trade	68	9.8			
Transportation and warehousing, and utilities					
Information	12	1.7			
Finance, insurance, real estate, and rental and					
leasing	18	2.6	POVERTY STATUS IN 1999		
Professional, scientific, management, adminis-			Families	25	6.5
trative, and waste management services	43	6.2	With related children under 18 years	25	12.6
Educational, health and social services	131	19.0	With related children under 5 years	11	19.6
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation			Families with female householder, no		
and food services	36	5.2	husband present	10	21.3
Other services (except public administration)	40	5.8	With related children under 18 years	10	38.5
Public administration	22	3.2	With related children under 5 years	5	100.0
CLASS OF WORKER			Individuals	158	11.4
Private wage and salary workers	524	75.8	18 years and over	93	9.0
Government workers	92	13.3	65 years and over	10	7.0
Self-employed workers in own not incorporated			Related children under 18 years	59	16.7
business	70	10.1	Related children 5 to 17 years	33	13.4
Unpaid family workers	5	0.7	Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	62	30.1

-Represents zero or rounds to zero. (X) Not applicable.

¹If the denominator of a mean value or per capita value is less than 30, then that value is calculated using a rounded aggregate in the numerator.

See text.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Census 2000.